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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1061

BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT 1 RELATING TO PIPELINES; AMENDING SECTION 50-1304, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT 2 PLATS SHALL SHOW CERTAIN INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS TRANSMISSION PIPELINES 3 AND INTERSTATE PETROLEUM PRODUCTS PIPELINES AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL COR-4 RECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, TITLE 62, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF 5 A NEW SECTION 62-1104, IDAHO CODE, TO REQUIRE CERTAIN PIPELINE COMPA-6 NIES TO FILE SPECIFIED INFORMATION WITH COUNTIES REGARDING INTERSTATE 7 NATURAL GAS TRANSMISSION PIPELINES AND INTERSTATE PETROLEUM PRODUCTS 8 PIPELINES; AMENDING SECTION 67-6511, IDAHO CODE, TO REQUIRE THAT NOTICE 9 10 REGARDING ZONING ORDINANCE CHANGES BE GIVEN TO CERTAIN PIPELINE COMPA-NIES AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-6519, IDAHO 11 CODE, TO REQUIRE THAT NOTICE REGARDING DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS BE GIVEN 12 TO CERTAIN PIPELINE COMPANIES AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND 13 DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE. 14

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 50-1304, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

50-1304. ESSENTIALS OF PLATS. (1) All plats offered for record in any county shall be upon on stable base drafting film with a minimum base thickness of 0.003 inches. The image thereon shall be by a photographic process or a process by which a copy is produced using an ink jet or digital scanning and reproduction machine with black opaque drafting film ink or fused toner that will ensure archival permanence. The copy and image thereon shall be waterproof, tear resistant, flexible, and capable of withstanding repeated handling, as well as providing archival permanence. If ink or toner is used, the surface shall be coated with a suitable substance, if required by the county where the plat is to be recorded, to assure permanent legibility. Plats shall be eighteen (18) inches by twenty-seven (27) inches in size, with a three-and-one-half (3 1/2) inch margin at the left end for binding and a one-half (1/2) inch margin on all other edges. No part of the drawing or certificates shall encroach upon the margins. Signatures shall be in reproducible black ink. The sheet or sheets which that contain the drawing or diagram representing the survey of the subdivision shall be drawn at a scale suitable to ensure the clarity of all lines, bearings and dimensions. In the event that any subdivision is of such magnitude that the drawing or diagram cannot be placed on a single sheet, serially numbered sheets shall be prepared and match lines shall be indicated on the drawing or diagram with appropriate references to other sheets. The required dedications, acknowledgments and certifications shall appear on any of the serially numbered sheets.

- (2) The plat shall show:
- (a) The streets and alleys, with widths and courses clearly shown;

(b) Each street named;

- (c) All lots numbered consecutively in each block, and each block lettered or numbered, provided however, in a platted cemetery, that each block, section, district or division and each burial lot shall be designated by number or letter or name;
- (d) Each and all lengths of the boundaries of each lot shall be shown, provided however, in a platted cemetery, that lengths of the boundaries of each burial lot may be shown by appropriate legend;
- (e) The exterior boundaries shown by distance and bearing;
- (f) Descriptions of survey monuments;
- (g) The point of beginning with ties to at least two (2) monuments from the following list:
 - (i) Public land survey corners;
 - (ii) Center of section, quarter section corners, or sixteenth section corners, any of which were not monumented in an original survey of the United States, provided such corners have a corner record meeting the current requirements of chapter 16, title 55, Idaho Code; or
 - (iii) Monuments recognized by the county surveyor.

Additionally, if required by the city or county governing bodies, the plat shall provide coordinates based on the Idaho coordinate system.

- (h) The easements;
- (i) Basis of bearings, bearing and length of lines, graphic scale of plat, and north arrow;
- (j) Subdivision name; and
- (k) Narrative as described in section 55-1906, Idaho Code-; and
- (1) Any existing interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline, as recognized by the pipeline and hazardous materials safety administration, with a center point one thousand (1,000) feet or less from the planned subdivision, provided that the pipeline company operating the interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline is in compliance with section 62-1104, Idaho Code.
- (3) When coordinates in the Idaho coordinate system are shown on a plat, the plat must show the national spatial reference system monuments and their coordinates used as the basis of the survey; the zone; the datum and adjustment; and the combined adjustment factor and the convergence angle and the location where they were computed.
- (4) Plats that are re-subdivisions of subdivisions of record need not meet the requirements set forth in subsection (2)(g) of this section.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 11, Title 62, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 62-1104, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 62-1104. INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS TRANSMISSION PIPELINE -- INTERSTATE PETROLEUM PRODUCTS PIPELINE -- DUTY TO FILE. (1) By July 1, 2023, and by January 1 annually thereafter, in counties where a pipeline company operates an interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline, as recognized by the pipeline and hazardous materials safety administration, the company must file with the county the following:

- (a) Interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline location information, including but not limited to the easement or other documents reflecting the actual location of the interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline, marking facilities on design drawings, and maps; and
- (b) Current information for three (3) natural people designated as agents authorized to act on the pipeline company's behalf. Information for each person must include:
 - (i) First and last name;
 - (ii) Title or position;
 - (iii) Mailing address;

- (iv) Email address; and
- (v) Telephone number.
- (2) If a pipeline company fails to comply with the requirements of this section:
 - (a) The requirement to include the pipeline company's interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline information on a plat as required by section 50-1304, Idaho Code, is void; and
 - (b) Notice to the pipeline company, as required by sections 67-6511 and 67-6519, Idaho Code, is void.
- SECTION 3. That Section 67-6511, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 67-6511. ZONING ORDINANCE. (1) Each governing board shall, by ordinance adopted, amended, or repealed in accordance with the notice and hearing procedures provided under section 67-6509, Idaho Code, establish within its jurisdiction one (1) or more zones or zoning districts where appropriate. The zoning districts shall be in accordance with the policies set forth in the adopted comprehensive plan.
 - (a) Within a zoning district, the governing board shall where appropriate establish standards to regulate and restrict the height, number of stories, size, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair or use of buildings and structures; percentage of lot occupancy, size of courts, yards, and open spaces; density of population; and the location and use of buildings and structures. All standards shall be uniform for each class or kind of buildings throughout each district, but the standards in one (1) district may differ from those in another district.
 - (b) Within an overlay zoning district, the governing board shall establish clear and objective standards for the overlay zoning district while ensuring that application of such standards does not constitute a regulatory taking pursuant to Idaho or federal law.
- (2) Ordinances establishing zoning districts shall be amended as follows:
 - (a) Requests for an amendment to the zoning ordinance shall be submitted to the zoning or planning and zoning commission, which shall evaluate the request to determine the extent and nature of the amendment requested. Particular consideration shall be given to the effects of any proposed zone change upon the delivery of services by any political subdivision providing public services, including school districts, within

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the planning jurisdiction. An amendment of a zoning ordinance applicable to an owner's lands or approval of conditional rezoning or denial of a request for rezoning may be subject to the regulatory taking analysis provided for by section 67-8003, Idaho Code, consistent with the requirements established thereby.

- (b) After considering the comprehensive plan and other evidence gathered through the public hearing process, the zoning or planning and zoning commission may recommend and the governing board may adopt or reject an ordinance amendment pursuant to the notice and hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code, provided that in the case of a zoning district boundary change, and notwithstanding jurisdictional boundaries, additional notice shall be provided by mail to property owners or purchasers of record within the land being considered, and within three hundred (300) feet of the external boundaries of the land being considered, and any additional area that may be impacted by the proposed change as determined by the commission. Notice shall also be given to a pipeline company operating any existing interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline, as recognized by the pipeline and hazardous materials safety administration, with a center point within one thousand (1,000) feet of the external boundaries of the land being considered, provided that the pipeline company is in compliance with section 62-1104, Idaho Code. Notice shall also be posted on the premises not no less than one (1) week prior to the hearing. When notice is required to two hundred (200) or more property owners or purchasers of record, alternate forms of procedures which that would provide adequate notice may be provided by local ordinance in lieu of posted or mailed notice. In the absence of a locally adopted alternative notice procedure, sufficient notice shall be deemed to have been provided if the city or county provides notice through a display advertisement at least four (4) inches by two (2) columns in size in the official newspaper of the city or county at least fifteen (15) days prior to the hearing date, in addition to site posting on all external boundaries of the site. Any property owner entitled to specific notice pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall have a right to participate in public hearings before a planning commission, planning and zoning commission or governing board subject to applicable procedures.
- (c) The governing board shall analyze proposed changes to zoning ordinances to ensure that they are not in conflict with the policies of the adopted comprehensive plan. If the request is found by the governing board to be in conflict with the adopted plan, or would result in demonstrable adverse impacts upon the delivery of services by any political subdivision providing public services, including school districts, within the planning jurisdiction, the governing board may require the request to be submitted to the planning or planning and zoning commission or, in absence of a commission, the governing board may consider an amendment to the comprehensive plan pursuant to the notice and hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code. After the plan has been amended, the zoning ordinance may then be considered for amendment pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection.

 (d) If a governing board adopts a zoning classification pursuant to a request by a property owner based upon a valid, existing comprehensive plan and zoning ordinance, the governing board shall not subsequently reverse its action or otherwise change the zoning classification of said property without the consent in writing of the current property owner for a period of four (4) years from the date the governing board adopted said individual property owner's request for a zoning classification change. If the governing body does reverse its action or otherwise change the zoning classification of said property during the above four (4) year period without the current property owner's consent in writing, the current property owner shall have standing in a court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this section.

SECTION 4. That Section 67-6519, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-6519. APPLICATION GRANTING PROCESS. (1) As part of ordinances required or authorized under this chapter, a procedure shall be established for processing in a timely manner applications for zoning changes, subdivisions, variances, special use permits and such other applications required or authorized pursuant to this chapter for which a reasonable fee may be charged.
- (2) Where the commission hears an application, the commission shall have a reasonable time fixed by the governing board to examine the application before the commission makes its decision on the application or makes its recommendation to the governing board. Each commission or governing board shall establish by rule a time period within which a recommendation or decision must be made. Provided however, any application which that relates to a public school facility shall receive priority consideration and shall be reviewed for approval, denial or recommendation by the commission or the governing board at the earliest reasonable time, regardless of the timing of its submission relative to other applications which are not related to public school facilities.
- (3) When considering an application which that relates to a public school facility, the commission shall specifically review the application for the effect it will have on increased vehicular vehicle, bicycle and pedestrian volumes on adjacent roads and highways. To ensure that the state highway system or the local highway system can satisfactorily accommodate the proposed school project, the commission shall request the assistance of the Idaho transportation department if state highways are affected, or the local highway district with jurisdiction if the affected roads are not state highways. The Idaho transportation department, the appropriate local highway jurisdiction, or both as determined by the commission, shall review the application and shall report to the commission on the following issues as appropriate: the land use master plan; school bus plan; access safety; pedestrian plan; crossing guard plan; barriers between highways and school; location of school zone; need for flashing beacon; need for traffic control signal; anticipated future improvements; speed on adjacent highways; traffic volumes on adjacent highways; effect upon the highway's level of service; need for acceleration or deceleration lanes; internal traffic circulation; anticipated development on surrounding undeveloped parcels;

zoning in the vicinity; access control on adjacent highways; required striping and signing modifications; funding of highway improvements to accommodate development; proposed highway projects in the vicinity; and any other issues as may be considered appropriate to the particular application.

- (4) Whenever a county or city considers a proposed subdivision or any other site-specific land development application authorized by this chapter, it shall provide written notice concerning the development proposal by mail, or electronically by mutual agreement, to all irrigation districts, ground water districts, Carey act operating companies, nonprofit irrigation entities, lateral ditch associations and drainage districts that have requested, in writing, to receive notice. Any irrigation districts, ground water districts, Carey act operating companies, nonprofit irrigation entities, lateral ditch associations and drainage districts requesting notice shall continue to provide updated and current contact information to the county or city in order to receive notice. Notice shall also be given to a pipeline company operating any existing interstate natural gas transmission pipeline or interstate petroleum products pipeline, as recognized by the pipeline and hazardous materials safety administration, with a center point within one thousand (1,000) feet of the external boundaries of the land being considered, provided that the pipeline company is in compliance with section 62-1104, Idaho Code. Any notice provided under this subsection shall be provided no less than fifteen (15) days prior to the public hearing date concerning the development proposal as required by this chapter or local ordinance. Any notice provided under this subsection shall not affect or eliminate any other statutory requirements concerning delivery of water, including those under sections 31-3805 and 67-6537, Idaho Code.
- (5) Whenever a governing board or zoning or planning and zoning commission grants or denies an application, it shall specify:
 - (a) The ordinance and standards used in evaluating the application;
 - (b) The reasons for approval or denial; and

- (c) The actions, if any, that the applicant could take to obtain approval.
- (6) Every final decision rendered shall provide or be accompanied by notice to the applicant regarding the applicant's right to request a regulatory taking analysis pursuant to section 67-8003, Idaho Code. An applicant denied an application or aggrieved by a final decision concerning matters identified in section 67-6521(1)(a), Idaho Code, may within twenty-eight (28) days after all remedies have been exhausted under local ordinance seek judicial review under the procedures provided by chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.

SECTION 5. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2023.